METZ TOWNSHIP PRESQUE ISLE COUNTY, MICHIGAN

Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2006

Loca	l Unit	of Gov	vernment Type	(-4	Local Unit Name				County	
_	Coun	*.	☐City ☑Twp						PRESQUE ISLE	
Fiscal Year End Opinion Date 3/31/06 5/30/06					7/19/06	tted to State				
Ve a	affirm	that								
Ve a	are ce	ertifie	d public accountan	ts licensed to pr	actice in M	lichigan.				
			rm the following ma Letter (report of con				ed in the financial state	ments, inclu	ding the notes, or in the	
	YES	8	Check each appl							
1.	X		reporting entity no	tes to the financ	ial stateme	ents as necess	sary.		ements and/or disclosed in the	
2.		\boxtimes	There are no accu (P.A. 275 of 1980	mulated deficits or the local un	in one or it has not e	more of this ur exceeded its be	nit's unreserved fund ba udget for expenditures.	alances/unre	stricted net assets	
3.		\boxtimes	The local unit is in	compliance wit	h the Unifo	orm Chart of Ad	counts issued by the D	epartment of	of Treasury.	
4.	X		The local unit has	adopted a budg	et for all re	equired funds.				
5.	\boxtimes		A public hearing o	n the budget wa	s held in a	ccordance wit	h State statute.			
6.	\boxtimes		The local unit has other guidance as					he Emergen	cy Municipal Loan Act, or	
7.	$ \mathbf{x} $		The local unit has	not been deling	uent in dis	tributing tax re	venues that were collect	cted for anot	her taxing unit.	
В.	X		The local unit only	holds deposits	investmen	ts that comply	with statutory requirem	ients.		
9.	\boxtimes		The local unit has Audits of Local Un	no illegal or una nits of Governme	authorized ant in Mich	ed expenditures that came to our attention as defined in the Bulletin for ichigan, as revised (see Appendix H of Bulletin).				
10.	\boxtimes		that have not beer	previously con	nmunicated	d to the Local A	nent, which came to ou Audit and Finance Divis Inder separate cover.	r attention d ion (LAFD).	uring the course of our audit If there is such activity that	
11.	X		The local unit is fro	ee of repeated of	comments	from previous	years.			
12.		\boxtimes	The audit opinion	is UNQUALIFIE	D.					
13.	×		The local unit has accepted account			r GASB 34 as	modified by MCGAA St	tatement #7	and other generally	
14.	X		The board or cour	icil approves all	invoices p	rior to paymen	t as required by charter	r or statute.		
15.	\boxtimes		To our knowledge	, bank reconcilia	ations that	were reviewed	were performed timely	1.		
incl des	uded cripti	in thon(s)	of government (au his or any other au of the authority an gned, certify that th	udit report, nor d/or commission	do they of n.	btain a stand-	alone audit, please en	undaries of t close the n	the audited entity and is not ame(s), address(es), and a	
_	-		closed the following		Enclosed		(enter a brief justification)		
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				dations						
			Comments and Rec	commendations						
	er (D						T-1-hNh			
			Accountant (Firm Name) ZEWSKI CPA PO	;			789-734-4844			
	et Add		H THIRD STREE	Т		0.0	ROGERS CITY	State MI	Zip 49779	
Authorizing CPA Signature			100	Printed Name JW KIELISZEWSKI			License Number 1101010056			

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476 NORTH THIRD STREET ROGERS CITY, MICHIGAN 49779 TELEPHONE (989) 734-4844

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Township Board Metz Township Presque Isle County, Michigan

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of *Metz Township, Presque Isle County, Michigan* (the "Township"), as of and for the year ended March 31, 2006, which collectively comprise the Township's basis financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for opinion.

The Township has not recognized real estate tax receivable in its financial statement for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 (see Note 8 in Notes to Financial Statements).

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above, with the above noted exception, present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township, as of March 31, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof and for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 1, the Township has implemented a new financial reporting model, as required by the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis- for State and Local Governments*, as of April 1, 2005.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information are not a required part of the financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. I have

Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, I did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

J.W. Kieliszewski, CPA

May 30, 2006

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Township's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Township's financial performance during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the Township as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Township's finances. Fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term, as well s what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Township's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Assets at March 31, 2006 totaled \$128,154 for governmental activities. Of the total, \$3,088 represents capital assets, net of depreciation.

Revenues derived from governmental activities were \$61,549 (\$2,708 from program revenues and \$58,841 from general revenues). Overall expenditures for the Township's governmental activities were \$46,440.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts: (1) management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), (2) the basic financial statements, and (3) required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two different kinds of statements that present different views of the Township.

The first two statements are government-wide financial statements and provide both long and short-term information about our overall financial status. These statements present governmental activities and/or business-type activities. There were no business-type activities for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements, which focus on the individual parts of the Township in more detail.

The notes to the financial statements explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (Continued)

Required supplementary information further explains and supports the financial statement information with budgetary comparisons.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide statements report information about the Township as a whole, using accounting methods used by private companies. The Statement of Net Assets includes all of the Township's assets and liabilities. The Statement of Activities records all of the current year's revenues and expenditures, regardless of when received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report net assets and how they have changed. Net assets are the difference between the Township's assets and liabilities. This is one method to measure our financial health or position.

Over time, increases or decreases in the Township's net assets are an indicator of whether financial position is improving or deteriorating.

To assess the overall health of the Township, additional factors such as tax base changes, facility conditions, and personnel changes may be considered.

Most of the activities of the Township are reported as governmental activities. These would include the operations recorded in the General Fund.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Township's funds, focusing on significant (major) funds, not the Township as a whole. Funds are used to account for specific activities or funding sources. Some funds are required by law or bond covenants. The Township Board may also create them. Funds are established to account for funding and spending of specific financial resources and to show proper expenditure of those resources.

The Township has the following types of funds:

Governmental Funds

Most of the Township's activities are included in the governmental fund category. These funds re presented on the modified accrual basis, which is designed to show short-term financial information. You will note the differences between the Township's government-wide statements and the fund statements are disclosed in reconciling statements to explain the differences between them.

The Township maintains only one individual governmental fund, a General Fund, which we consider to be a major fund. This fund is financed primarily by property tax revenue and state shared revenues.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds

The Township acts as a trustee or fiduciary and is responsible for insuring that the assets of these activities are collected and disbursed to the respective entities to which the funds belong. The Township maintains these funds and is responsible for insuring that the assets of these activities are spent for their intended purpose and at the direction of those individuals or organizations to which the funds belong. These activities do not appear in the Township's government-wide financial statements since the assets do not belong to the Township. The Township maintains a Tax Collection Fund in this category.

FUND ANALYSIS OF THE TOWNSHIP AS A WHOLE

Net Assets

The Township's governmental activities net assets increased approximately \$15,109 during the year, to total \$128,154.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWNSHIP'S FUNDS

Governmental Activities

The general activities remained consistent, and the Township continued to provide the same services to its residents: administrative, assessing, elections, township hall maintenance, road maintenance, tax collection, street lighting, ambulance service and fire protection.

Capital Asset Administration

At March 31, 2006, the Township had \$15,986 in capital assets, including the town hall, land, computers and other office equipment.

CONTACTING TOWNSHIP MANAGEMENT

The financial report is designed to provide our citizens, creditors, investors, and customers with a general overview of the Township's finances and to demonstrate the Township's accountability for revenues it receives. If you have any questions concerning this report, or need additional information, please contact the Township Clerk at (989) 766-8087.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS March 31, 2006

	Primary <u>Government</u>		
A CONTROL	Governmental Activities		
ASSETS Cosh and auch againslants	¢ 74.900		
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 74,890 50,176		
	15,986		
Capital assets	,		
Accumulated depreciation	(12,898)		
Total Assets	<u>\$ 128,154</u>		
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets	3,088		
Unrestricted 12			
Total Net Assets	\$ 128,154		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2006

			Progr		- Revenue	es .	Net (Expense) enue and Changes in Net Assets Primary Government
Functions / Programs	Expe	nses			rges for rvices		TOTAL
Primary government	LAPE	11363		50	1 11005		TOTAL
Governmental activities							
General government/Legislative	\$ 2	28,208		\$	2,708	\$	(25,500)
Public safety	·	6,945		·	-	·	(6,945)
Public works	1	11,287			-		(11,287)
	-						
Total governmental activities		<u>16,440</u>			2,708		(43,732)
			General revenues				
			Property taxes				30,976
			Intergovernmental				22,931
			Unrestricted interest income				1,709
			Other				3,225
			Total general revenues				58,841
			Change in net assets				15,109
			Net assets, beginning of year				113,045
			Net assets, end of year			\$	128,154

BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS March 31, 2006

			Total
		Gove	ernmental
ASSETS	<u>General</u>		Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 74,890	\$	74,890
Investments	50,176		50,176
Total Assets	<u>\$125,066</u>	\$	125,066
FUND BALANCES			
Unreserved, undesignated	\$125,066	\$	125,066
Reconciliation of fund balances on the balance sheets for governmental activities to the statement of net assets			
Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$	125,066
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because	:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Add: capital assets			15,986
Subtract: accumulated depreciation			(12,898)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$	128,154

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2006

			Total
	General	Gove	ernmental
REVENUES	Fund	_	Funds
Taxes	\$ 30,976	\$	30,976
State shared revenues	22,931		22,931
Charges for services-sales	2,708		2,708
Interest	1,709		1,709
Other	3,225		3,225
Total Revenues	61,549		61,549
EXPENDITURES			
Legislative	9,095		9,095
General government	19,025		19,025
Public safety	6,945		6,945
Public works	11,287		11,287
Total Expenditures	46,352		46,352
	4 = 40=		4-40-
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	15,197		15,197
Fund Balances, beginning of year	109,869		109,869
Fund Balances, end of year	\$125,066	\$	125,066

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2006 (Continued)

Reconciliation of statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances of governmental funds to statement of activities

of activities	
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 15,197
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, those costs are allocated over their useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the statement of activities.	
Subtract: depreciation expense	 (88)
Changes in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 15,109

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

FIDUCIARY FUND

March 31, 2006

ASSETS Cash	\$ 25
<u>LIABILITIES</u> Due to others	 25
NET ASSETS Fiduciary Net Assets	\$ _

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

FIDUCIARY FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2006

ADDITIONS Property tax collections for other governmental units \$ 273,512 DEDUCTIONS Property tax distributions to other governmental units \$ 273,512 Change in net assets Fiduciary net assets, beginning of year Fiduciary net assets, end of year \$ -

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Metz Township, Presque Isle County, Michigan (the "Township") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the most significant policies.

On April 1, 2005, the Township adopted the new governmental reporting model and implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, and Statement No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures. Under the provisions of GASB Statements Nos. 34 and 38, the focus of the Township's financial statements has shifted from a fund focus to a government-wide focus.

THE REPORTING ENTITY

The Township was organized in 1877, and covers an area of approximately 36 square miles. The Township operates under an elected Board comprised of a Supervisor, Treasurer, Clerk and two Trustees, and provides services to its approximately 500 full-time residents.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the Township and any component units. The basic criterion for including a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority or other governmental organization in a governmental unit's general-purpose financial report is the exercise of oversight responsibility over such agencies by the governmental unit's elected officials. The manifestations of such oversight responsibility are financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. The Township has determined that no entities should be consolidated into its general-purpose financial statements as component units. Therefore, the reporting entity consists of the primary government financial statements only.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items are not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Major funds are generally those that represent ten percent (10%) or more of the respective fund type assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures. The Township considers all funds to be major funds.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues the year in which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, state-shared revenue, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when the government receives cash.

The Township reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Township. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Financing is provided primarily by property taxes and state shared revenues.

The Township reports the following fiduciary fund:

Trust and Agency Fund

The Tax Collection Fund is used to account for property taxes collected for the Township and as an agent for other governmental units. Fiduciary activities are not reported in the government-wide financial statements, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34.

ASSETS, LIABILITY AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of demand deposits, cash in savings and money market accounts.

Investments

Investments are stated at cost, which approximates market, and consist of certificates of deposit with maturity values of three months or longer.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The government defines capital assets as assets with an initial individual cost of \$250 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Expenditures for maintenance and repair are charged to current expenditures as incurred. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and improvements 15-40 years Equipment 5-10 years

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net assets. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures. The Township has no long-term obligations as of March 31, 2006.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent that portion of fund equity for which the Township has made tentative management plans that are subject to change. Undesignated fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for budgeting in future periods.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

COMPARATIVE DATA

Comparative data for the prior year is not included in the Township's financial statements.

ACCOUNTING CHANGE

In June 1999, the GASB unanimously approved Statement No. 34, previously referenced in these Notes to Financial Statements. Effective April 1, 2005, the Township implemented the provisions of GASB 34. Changes to the Township's financial statements as a result of GASB 34 are as follows:

• A Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section providing analysis of the Township's overall financial position and results of operations.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

- Government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Assets and Statements of Activities) prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the Township's activities.
- A change in the fund financial statements with a focus on major funds.
- Capital assets in the governmental activities column of the Statement of Net Assets include assets previously reported in the General Fixed Asset Account Group.
- Liabilities in the governmental column of the Statement of Net Assets include bonds and other long-term obligations previously reported in the General Long-term Debt Account Group.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are adopted by Township officials in compliance with P.A. 621 of 1978 (the Uniform Budgetary Act) for the General and Special Revenue Funds. The Township follows the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the Township Clerk submits to the Township Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year, commencing on April 1.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to March 31, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 4. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Township Board.
- 5. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

Budgets are to be prepared on the same basis of accounting as the financial statements.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds

P.A. 621 of 1978, Section 18 (1), as amended (MCL 141.421 et seq.) provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated. In the body of the financial statements, the Township's actual expenditures and budgeted expenditures for the governmental funds have been shown on a functional basis. The approved budgets of the Township for these budgetary funds were adapted to the activity level.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Expenditures in excess of appropriations for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 were as follows:

Appropriations Expenditures Variance

EXPENDITURES

Public Works

Streets and highways \$ 10,000 \$ 10,500 \$ (500)

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91, authorizes the Township to deposit and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations; bonds, securities and other direct obligations of the Untied States, or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; United States government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, banker's acceptance of Untied States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions which are rates as investment grade; and mutual funds composed o investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan. Financial institutions eligible for deposit of public funds must maintain an office in Michigan.

All accounts are in the name of the Township and a specific fund. They are recorded in Township records at cost. Interest is recorded when deposits mature or is credited to the applicable account.

The caption on the combined balance sheet relating to cash and cash equivalents and investments of \$125,066 represents deposits in four financial institution located in Presque Isle County, Michigan in varying amounts, as follows:

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Cash and Cash Equivalents} & \$ \ 74,890 \\ \text{Investments} & \underline{50,176} \\ \end{array}$

Total \$125,066

Investments are categorized into three categories of credit risk:

- Category 1 Insured or registered, or securities held by the Township or its agent in the Township's name;
- Category 2 Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the Township's name; and
- Category 3 Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the Township's name.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

At year end the carrying amount of the Township's deposits were classified as to risk as follows:

	Carrying	Bank
	Amount	Balance
Insured (FDIC)	\$100,000	\$100,000
Uninsured-uncollateralize	25,066	25,303
Total	\$125,066	\$125,303

NOTE 4 – PROPERTY TAXES

Property tax revenues for the year ended March 31, 2006, reflected in the accompanying financial statements include property taxes levied December 31, 2005. These taxes are due by February 15, 2006, and are added to the County tax rolls after February 28, 2006. The Township will receive 100% payment for the delinquent Township tax by June 2006, exclusive of delinquent personal property taxes.

The taxable value of the Township totaled \$10,453,235, on which ad valorem taxes consisted of .9573 mills for the Township's operating purposes and 1.8897 mills for road construction, raising \$9,430 for operating purposes and \$18,617 for road construction.

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity of the governmental activities for the current fiscal year follows:

	Balance 1-Apr-05	Additions	Deletions	Balance 31-Mar-06
Not being depreciated: Land	\$ 1,600	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,600
Being depreciated: Building and building improvemen	4,251	-	-	4,251
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	10,135			10,135
Subtotal	15,986	-	-	15,986
Less: accumulated depreciation	(12,810)	(88)		(12,898)
Total	\$ 3,176	<u>\$ (88)</u>	\$ -	\$ 3,088

Depreciation was charged to the Township's functions as follows:

General government \$88

NOTE 6– PENSION PLAN

The Township provides pension benefits through a defined contribution plan covering to all Board members, which is administered through Travelers Insurance Company. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. As established by the Township Board, the Township contributes fifteen percent (15%) of employees' gross earnings. In accordance with these requirements, the Township contributed \$2,040 for the year ended March 31, 2006; fees and other charges were \$86.

NOTE 7– RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township has purchased commercial insurance for general liability and property loss liabilities through Hasting Mutual Insurance Company.

The plan has a maximum liability for property of \$7,000; general liability of \$600,000; and \$2,000 inland marine. The policy cost for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 was \$1,172.

Additionally, the Township has purchased commercial insurance for workman's compensation benefits.

Claims for commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

NOTE 8- DELINQUENT REAL ESTATE TAXES RECEIVABLE

As of March 31, 2006, the Township had \$1,708 of uncollected real estate taxes that they returned delinquent to the County of Presque Isle. The county operates a revolving bond fund, and will make a payment to the Township at a historical 95% of the outstanding tax balance. However, these funds will not be available for Township use until the month of July 2006. This time frame is in excess of 90 days, and as such, it is felt that they will not be available to help pay for Township operation as of the fiscal year end of March 31, 2006. They are therefore not recognized as income or receivable as of March 31, 2006.

Additionally, the Township has overpaid the school system \$787, which was from Township collection fees that have not been returned as of March 31, 2006.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2006

<u>REVENUES</u>	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive/(Neg)
Taxes				
Property tax	\$ 14,000	\$ 14,000	\$ 28,816	\$ 14,816
Swampland tax	2,000	2,000	2,160	160
Total taxes	16,000	16,000	30,976	14,976
State shared revenues	15,375	15,375	22,931	7,556
Charges for services	1,500	1,500	2,708	1,208
Interest income	875	875	1,709	834
Other income	1,000	1,000	3,225	2,225
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 34,750	\$ 34,750	\$ 61,549	\$ 26,799

(Continued on next page)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2006

(Continued from previous page)

	Original	Final	A - 4 1	Variance with Final Budget
EXPENDICION	<u>Budget</u>	Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Positive/(Neg)
EXPENDITURES Lacialation				
Legislative				
Township Board	Φ. 4.000	Φ 4.000	ф. 2 .0 7 .0	Φ 1.120
Salaries	\$ 4,000	\$ 4,000	\$ 2,870	\$ 1,130
Board of review	1,000	1,000	803	197
Fringe benefits	2,800	2,800	2,178	622
Supplies	7,850	7,850	1,674	6,176
Printing and publishing	500	500	109	391
Insurance	1,250	1,250	1,172	78
Transportation	500	500	289	211
Total Legislative	17,900	17,900	9,095	8,805
General Government				
Supervisor	4,800	4,800	4,395	405
Clerk	5,200	5,200	4,825	375
Treasurer	5,200	5,200	4,890	310
Assessor	5,500	5,500	4,239	1,261
Elections	1,000	1,000	116	884
Township Hall				
Utilities	600	600	460	140
Repairs and maintenance	11,000	11,000	100	10,900
Total Township Hall	11,600	<u>11,600</u>	560	11,040
Total General Government	33,300	33,300	19,025	14,275

(Continued on next page)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2006

(Continued from previous page)

<u>EXPENDITURES</u>	Original Budget	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive/(Neg)
Public Safety				
Fire Contract	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 5,767	\$ 4,233
All other	6,850	6,850	1,178	5,672
Total Public Safety	16,850	16,850	6,945	9,905
Public Works				
Streets and highways	10,000	10,000	10,500	(500)
Cemetery	1,500	1,500	787	713
Total Public Works	11,500	11,500	11,287	213
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	79,550	79,550	46,352	33,198
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(44,800)	(44,800)	15,197	59,997
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	109,869	109,869	109,869	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 65,069	\$ 65,069	\$125,066	\$ 59,997

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES TRUST AND AGENCY FUND – TAX COLLECTION FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2006

A COPETE		alance /2005		Additions		<u>Deletions</u>	_	Balance 1/2006
ASSETS Cash	\$	25	\$	273,512	\$	273,512	\$	25
Cusii	Ψ		Ψ	273,312	Ψ	273,312	<u>—</u>	
LIABILITIES								
Due to others	\$	25	\$	30,756	\$	29,969	\$	812
Due to state		-		62,718		62,718		-
Due to county		-		77,910		77,910		-
Due to schools			_	102,128	_	102,915		(787)
Total Liabilities	\$	25	\$	273,512	\$	273,512	\$	25

J.W.	KIEL	ISZEWSK
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____ Certified Public Accountant _

476 NORTH THIRD STREET ROGERS CITY, MICHIGAN 49779 TELEPHONE (989) 734-4844

July 19, 2006

Honorable Township Board Metz Township Presque Isle County, Michigan

I wish to express my appreciation for the fine cooperation extended to me during the audit of your Township's Financial Statements.

As required, I have submitted online to the State Treasurer's office a PDL formatted copy of the audited Financial Statements, which included this Letter of Comments and Recommendations as well as the Auditing Procedures Report. The remaining copies of the audited Financial Statements are herewith submitted. At one of your next regular Township Board Meetings the audited Financial Statements should be formally accepted and the copy marked for this purpose made a part of your Minute Book. I will plan to attend that meeting and be prepared to make a brief presentation on the audit.

We conducted our audit of the Financial Statements of the Township in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. The following paragraph explains our responsibilities under those standards.

Management has the responsibility for adopting sound accounting policies, for maintaining an adequate and effective system of accounts, for the safeguarding of assets, and for devising an internal control structure that will, among other things, help assure the proper recording of transactions. The transactions that should be reflected in the accounts and in the financial statements are matters within the direct knowledge and control of management. Our knowledge of such transactions is limited to that acquired through our audit. Accordingly, the fairness of representations made through the financial statements is an implicit and integral part of management's accounts and records. However, our responsibility for the financial statements is confined to the expression of an opinion on them. The financial statements remain the responsibility of management.

The concept of materiality is inherent in the work of an independent auditor. An auditor places greater emphasis on those items that have, on a relative basis, more importance to the financial statements and greater possibilities of material error than those items of lesser importance or those in which the possibility of material error is remote. For this purpose, materiality has been defined as "the magnitude of an omission or misstatement of accounting information that, in light of surrounding circumstances, makes it probable that the judgment of a reasonable person relying on the information would have been changed or influenced by the omission or misstatement."

Letter of Comments and Recommendations (Continued)

An independent auditor's objective in an audit is to obtain sufficient competent evidential matter to provide a reasonable basis for forming an opinion on the financial statements. In doing so, the auditor must work within economic limits; the opinion, to be economically useful, must be formed within a reasonable length of time and at reasonable cost. That is why an auditor's work is based on selected tests rather than an attempt to verify all transactions. Since evidence is examined on a test basis only, an audit provides only reasonable assurance, rather than absolute assurance, that financial statements are free of material misstatement. Thus, there is a risk that audited financial statements may contain undiscovered material errors or fraud. The existence of that risk is implicit in the phrase in the audit report, "in my opinion."

In the audit process, I gain an understanding of the internal control structure of an entity for the purpose of assisting in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit testing. My understanding is obtained by inquiry of management, testing transactions, and observation and review of documents and records. The amount of work done is not sufficient to provide a basis for an opinion on the adequacy of the internal control structure.

Prior to this audit I obtained written permission from Township officials to disclose immediately any findings of suspected fraud and/or embezzlement directly to the Deputy State Treasurer. During the course of the audit I noted no instances of suspected fraud and/or embezzlement.

Auditing standards call for us to inform you of other significant issues such as, but not limited to: accounting estimates that are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements or because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ markedly from management's current judgments; significant audit adjustments that may not have been detected except through the auditing procedures we performed; disagreements with management regarding the scope of the audit or application of accounting principles; consultation with other accountants; major issues discussed with management prior to retention; and difficulties encountered in performing the audit. We have no significant issues, regarding these matters, to report to you at this time. Audit adjustments were minimal, and are available to review.

The following comments and recommendations are submitted in the interest of improved accounting procedures, closer compliance with the various state and federal regulations and requirements.

Comments and Recommendations Pertaining to the 2005-06 Audit Only

1. Public Act 621

The Township is in technical violation of one part of the <u>Uniform Accounting and Budgeting Act</u> as disclosed in the Notes to Financial Statements. However, sufficient fund balances make the effect immaterial. The over-expenditures were

Letter of Comments and Recommendations (Continued)

the result of not making sufficient budget adjustment for the final month of operation.

Recommendation

The budget has fulfilled its operational purpose as management has analyzed the various computer reports and any operating deficits resolved. However, to comply fully with the technical aspects of *P.A. 621*, it is suggested that a final review be made of the budget status near the close of the fiscal year, resulting in any needed final amendment of the existing budget. This adjustment should anticipate accrual basis adjustments.

2. General Ledger

Currently, the Township has some computerization of the accounting records and does a good job of reviewing expenditures for budgetary purposes. However, improvements in utilization of the "Uniform Chart of Accounts," a complete general ledger where account detail can be accessed for management and review purposes, preparation of financial statements for presentation where assets, liabilities, income and expenses are all presented, is necessary. As always, the cost of these functions in both time and money needs to be considered by the Board.

Recommendation

I have contacted Pontem Software, the same vendor that provides software to the County of Presque Isle for their tax collection system, and believe a solution may be present. The representative indicated that the general ledger module's first year cost is \$1,037, with annual maintenance cost of \$239. This would provide a good "after the fact" general ledger system compliant with the State of Michigan's Chart of Accounts. An additional module for the accounts payable system would be the only add-on worth considering at this time. Its additional cost is \$829 for the first year with annual maintenance fees of \$191. With these products you would get unlimited telephone support. I have recommended that this software be presented at one of your tax software training sessions. I believe the product will offer some solutions to the Township at a price I feel is reasonable based on my annual software costs. Pontem can be contacted at (888) 742-2378.

Acceptance by Township Board of Audited Financial Statements

It is recommended that	these audited Financial Statement	s and Recommendations be
accepted by the Townsl	nip Board by a motion similar to th	e following:
"Moved by	and seconded by	that the Townshin
•	nancial Statements be accepted as	

Letter of Comments and Recommendations (Continued)

as possible, the recommendations made by our auditor in his Letter of Comments and Recommendations be followed."

As stated, I will plan to attend one of your next regular Township Board Meetings. Please let me know of your preferred date as soon as possible.

Sincerely,

J.W. Kieliszewski